

DESCENT OF GONADS (TESTIS/ OVARY)

TESTIS

Develops from medulla of genital ridge medial to mesonephric ridge in the dorsal abdominal wall



Proximal attachment of gubernaculum

- ① lower pole of testis/ ~~ovary~~
- ② peritoneum of saccus vaginalis
- ③ mesonephric duct (postrolaterally)



Distal attachments:- Tails of Lockwood

- ① Base of genital swelling (scrotum-male
labia majora-female)
- ② sup. perineal pouch.
- ③ root of penis
- ④ Saphenous opening
- ⑤ ASIS.



Milestones of descent



4th month - iliac fossa

7th month - deep inguinal ring

8th month - inguinal canal

at or slightly after birth - base of scrotum.

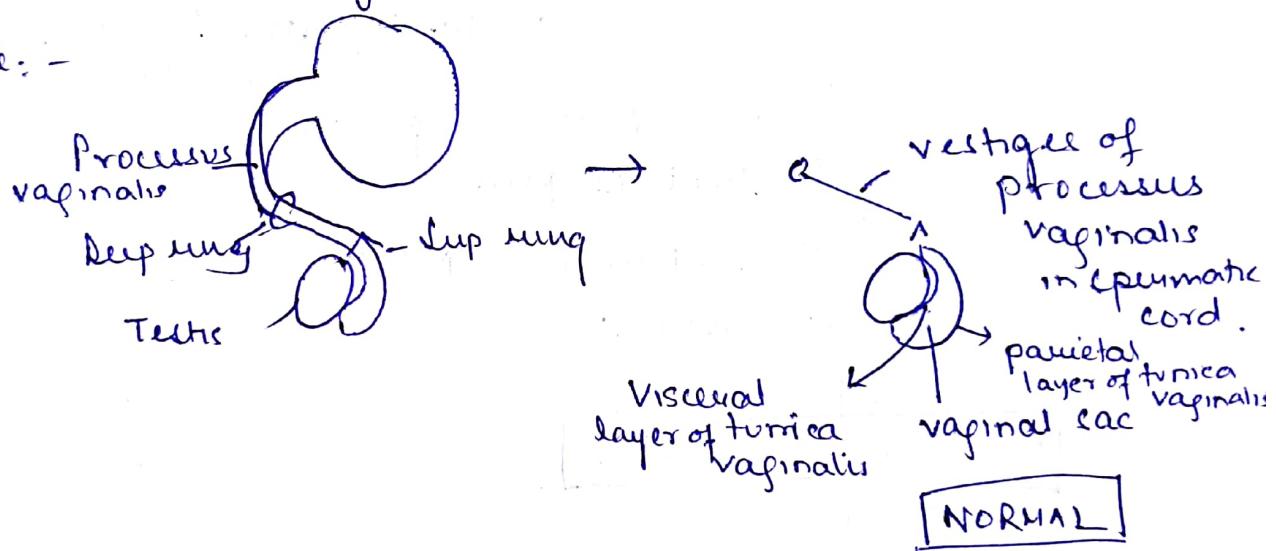
Factors for ↓ descent

- ① Testis descend because of its own secretion - Testicular hormone from interstitial cells of Leydig.

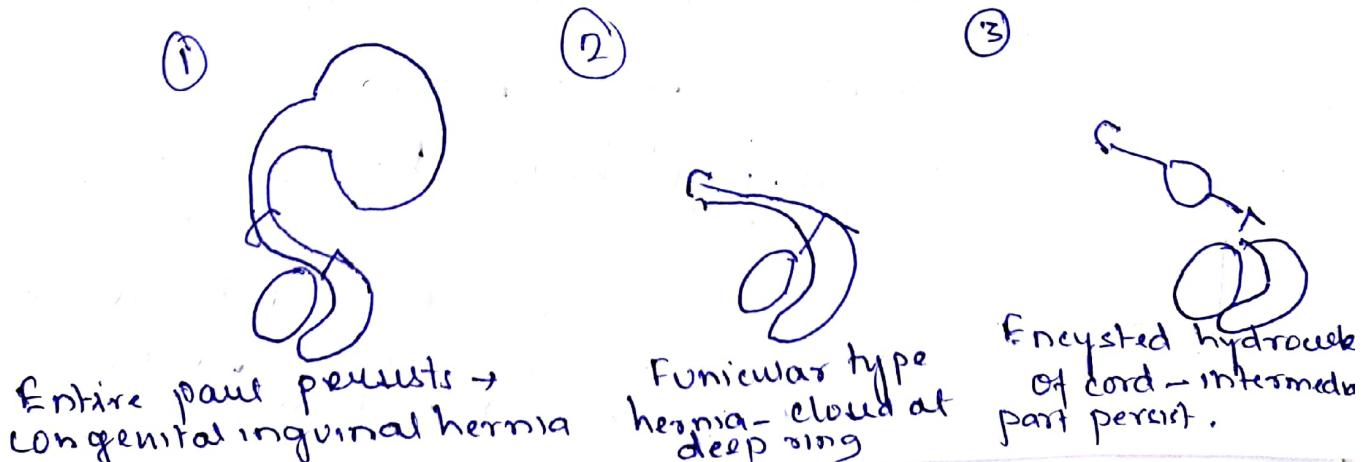
- ② ↑ intraabdominal temp - $> 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ - Unsuitable for spermatogenesis
- ③ ↑ intraabdominal pressure.
- ④ contraction of angled fibres of internal oblique and transversus abdominis
- ⑤ uncoupling of foetal curvatures
- ⑥ amniotic sac → acts as guiding force.

Fate: **Processus vaginalis:** - A pouch of peritoneum from tunica vaginalis that descends in front of the testis during descent.

Fate:-



Anomalies:-



ANOMALIES OF DESCENT:-

- 1) ANDROCHISM - Bilateral undescended testis (cryptorchidism)
- 2) MONORCHISM - Unilateral undescended testis.
- 3) PARTIALLY DESCENDED TESTIS - incomplete descent → may be found anywhere along normal path.

T/ti:- Testicular hormone

— Orchidopexy.

Fate:- if untreated → sterility

- 4) ECTOPIC TESTIS - due to misdirected pull of the distal attachment of gubernaculum. May be found ~~anywhere~~
① Axilla ② Saphenous opening ③ Root of penis ④ perineum

DESCENT OF OVARY:

Same attachments - only

- ① There is an intermediate attachment of the gubernaculum ovary to lateral L of uterus - so divides gubernaculum into proximal + distal part
- ② The peritoneal pouch in descent of ovary called canal of Nuck.
- ③ The distal attachment of gubernaculum to genital swelling - ~~correspond~~ develop to form labia majora.

If descent is incomplete → upto pelvis due to pull of proximal part of gubernaculum → form ligament of ovary → lat L of uterus to lower pole of testis
distal part forms Mound lig of uterus - lat L to labia majora